

Expert in LNG

Investor presentation



February 2016

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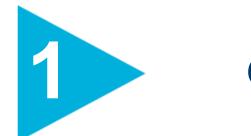


Agenda

1. Company overview

- 2. Key figures and highlights
- 3. Market drivers
- 4. Business update
- 5. Financials
- 6. Outlook and conclusion
- Appendices





Company overview



GTT, a French engineering company, global leader in liquefied gas containment systems

Company overview

Profile

- Leading engineering company
- Expert in liquefied gas containment systems
- More than 50-year track record

Activities

- Designs and licenses membrane technologies for containment of liquefied gas during shipping or onshore and offshore storage
- Provides design studies, construction assistance and innovative services

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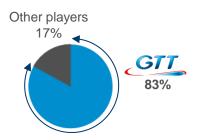
Excellence

in € million	FY 2014	FY 2015
Total Revenues	226.8	226.5
Royalties	216.4	209.3
Services	10.4	17.2
Net Income	115.4	117.2
Net margin (%)	50.9%	51.8%

Key figures

GTT global market share

based on 2010-2015 global LNG vessels orders (1)



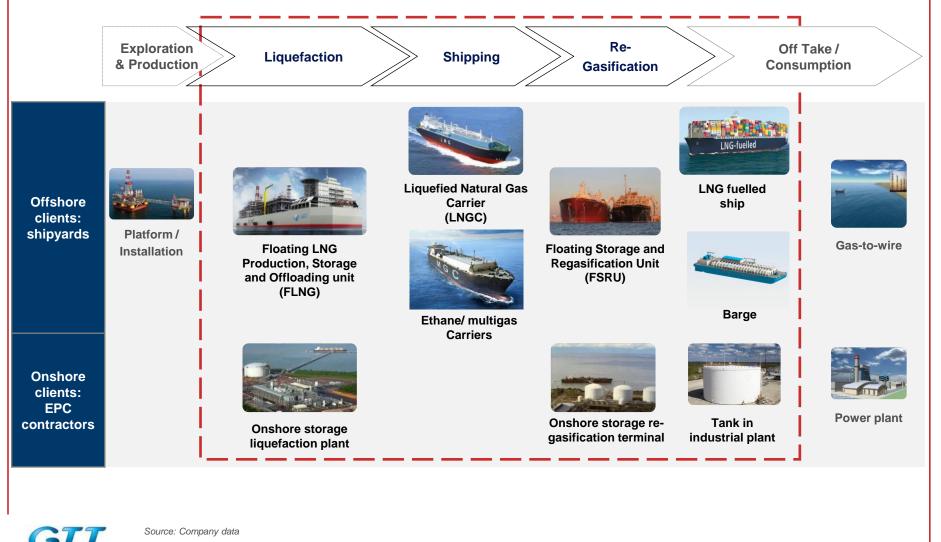
) LNG vessels include LNGC (Liquefied Natural Gas Carrier), FLNG (Floating LNG Production, Storage and Offloading unit) and FSRU (Floating Storage and Regasification Unit)

Innovation



Teamwork Transparency

GTT offers broad exposure across the liquefied gas shipping and storage value chain



Innovation

Teamwork

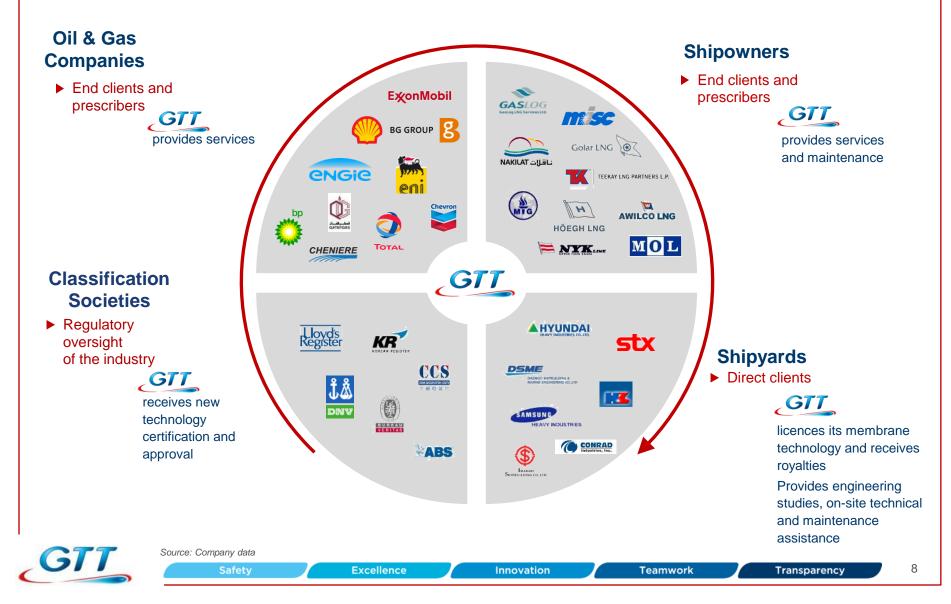
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Transparency

7

Prescription of GTT's containment technology



Our strategy

Consolidate leading position in LNG shipping industry

Capitalise on the expected potential in adjacent sectors

Expand innovative service offering to shipowners and oil & gas companies

Create growth opportunities through selected tech acquisitions



A responsible company

Social and societal responsibility

- Social
 - Employment: recruit, retain and develop talents >>> 4.2% of turnover in 2015
 - Compensation: implement an attractive and evolutive system
 - Training: develop employability and expertise >>> 8,316 hours of training in 2015
 - Safety: improve preventive measures through action plans
 - Health: annual survey on working conditions >>> Satisfaction rate of 83% in 2015
- Societal: continuous and constructive dialogue with all the LNG stakeholders

Environmental responsibility

- Stakeholders
 - Performance of GTT systems
 - Safety of installations and crew
 - LNG training sessions for customers and partners
 - Hotline for shipowners

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- GTT
 - Environmental responsibility at site

A proactive sustainable development policy





Excellence



2015 key figures and highlights



Key highlights

- ▶ 35 orders received as at December 31, 2015
 - 31 LNGC orders, 3 FSRU orders, 1 LNG bunker barge order
- Order book in value up to c. €619 M (+4.7% vs Dec. 31, 2014)
- The LNG bunker barge is the first one dedicated to the North-American marine market
- Signature of cooperation agreements aiming at the industrialization of Mark V and NO96 Max new technologies
- Creation of new subsidiaries: GTT SEA PTE and Cryometrics
- License agreement with Cochin Shipyard Ltd. : first Indian shipyard to build LNG carriers
- Proposed dividend for 2015*: €2.66 per share, i.e. payout of 83%



Dividend proposed to the next AGM. Dividend payout ratio calculated on profit distributed (and possible distribution of reserves) as % of French GAAP net distributable profit.

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Information about the KFTC enquiry

- On January 29, 2016, GTT was notified by the Korean Fair Trade Commission (KFTC) that an inquiry had been opened.
- **•** No precise information at this stage.
- May concern: possible abuse of dominant position in connection with the Korean shipyards' LNG carrier construction business.

- The opening of this enquiry should not lead to any prejudgement as to its outcome.
- At this stage, it is not possible to estimate either the length of the inquiry or its potential outcome.
- GTT believes that its business practices are compliant with the relevant competition laws and intends to fully cooperate with the KFTC.
- The Company will keep the markets updated as to the future developments in this respect.



A strong order book as at December 31, 2015

Strong order book of 118 units

- 105 LNGC/VLEC

7 FSRU/RV

- 3 FLNG
- **2** onshore storage
- **1** LNG bunker barge

2015 movements in the order book

- Deliveries: 29 (26 LNGC, 2 FSRU and 1 onshore storage)
- New orders: 35 (31 LNGC, 3 FSRU and 1 LNG bunker barge)
- **Cancellations: 2 LNGC**

35 orders received since the beginning of 2015

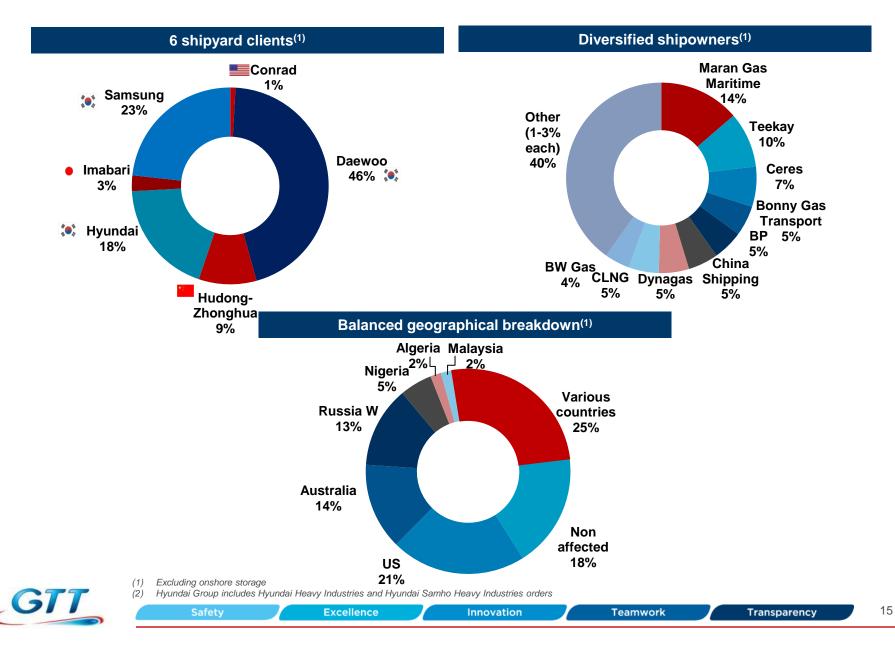
Technology	Ship owner	Number	Shipyard		Туре	Estimated delivery Year
NO 96 GW	Teekay LNG	4	Daewoo	:•:	LNGC	2017-2018
NO 96 GW	Maran Gas Maritime	4	Daewoo	* • *	LNGC	2018-2019
NO 96 GW	Yamal Trade	5	Daewoo	:•:	Ice-breaker LNGC	2017-2019
NO 96 GW	Chandris (Hellas) INC.	2	Daewoo	*	LNGC	2018
NO 96 GW	Undisclosed owner	6	Daewoo		LNGC	2018-2019
NO 96 GW	MOL	1	Daewoo	* • *	LNGC	2018
NO 96 GW	K-Line	2	Daewoo		LNGC	2016-2017
NO 96 GW	Hyundai LNG	2	Daewoo	* • *	LNGC	2017
Mark III Flex	CME-Wespac	1	Conrad		LNG bunker barge	2016
Mark III Flex	Undisclosed owner	1	Hyundai		FSRU	2017
Mark III	Hoegh LNG	1	Hyundai	:•:	FSRU	2018
Mark III Flex	Teekay LNG	2	Hyundai	*	LNGC	2019
Mark III Flex	Mitsui	1	Imabari	•	LNGC	2020
Mark III	Undisclosed owner	1	Samsung	*•*	FSRU	2017
NO 96 GW	BW Group	2	Daewoo	()	LNGC	2018-2019



Notes: LNGC – Liquefied Natural Gas Carrier, VLEC – Very Large Ethane Carrier, FSRU – Floating Storage and Regasification Unit, FLNG – Floating Liquefied Natural Gas

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Breakdown of order book as at December 31, 2015





Market drivers



Market drivers 1/9: overview

Long term market drivers are strong

- Natural gas demand
- Natural gas exports
- Share of LNG
- Need of additional capacity
- New trade routes

In a troubled context

- Oil & gas price drop
- Global economics concerns

Low gas prices should lead to new opportunities for LNG

- Coal-to-gas switching in the power sector could boost demand
 - Europe, China and India
- Environmental policies will help



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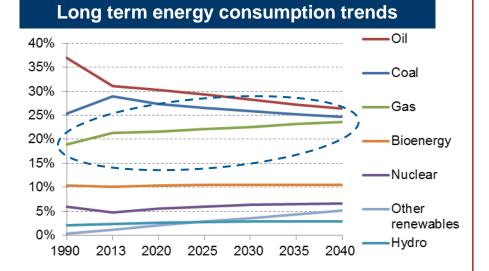
Market drivers 2/9: natural gas, the fastest-growing fossil fuel worldwide

Natural gas demand drivers

- Natural gas is the fastest growing major energy source
- Close to 25% of energy consumption in 2040, at the same level as coal
- Small (8.6%) but increasing share of LNG in natural gas consumption
- Increase of trade gas
- Why?
 - Abundant, widespread resources
 - Least carbon intensive fossil fuel
 - Geopolitical and regional drivers

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Gas exports and LNG share



Market drivers 3/9: additional LNG capacity needed to meet demand

Major suppliers around the world

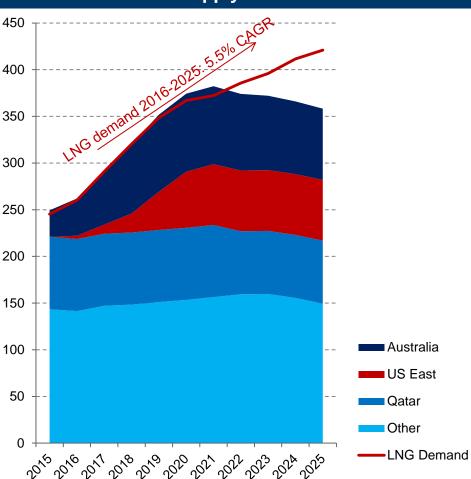
- Australia to become the main LNG supplier by 2019
- Additional capacity to come from the United States within the next few years
- Qatar to remain an important supplier

Abundant supply expected in the years to come

Strong demand dynamics

- LNG demand is expected:
 - to remain strong in Asia
 - and to develop in Europe
- New importing countries every year
 - In 2015, Egypt, Pakistan and Jordan represented 5.8 Mt of imports

New LNG projects to be decided now to meet demand in 2022

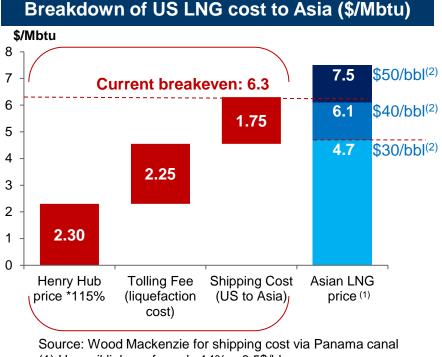


LNG supply vs demand

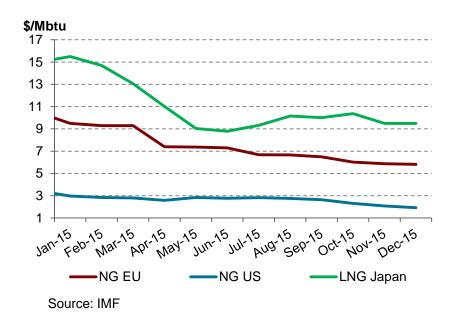
Source: Wood Mackenzie (supply from existing and under construction projects) / Forecast Q4 2015



Market drivers 4/9: pricing environment



US, UK natural gas and LNG Asia prices



Source: Wood Mackenzie for shipping cost via Panama canal (1) Hyp: oil linkage formula 14% + 0.5\$/bl (2) Oil price equivalent

US LNG

- At current oil and gas prices (~30\$/bbl), US LNG is less competitive than originally expected...
- ...But it represents a source of diversification for Asian and European buyers...
- …And a way to avoid oil indexation

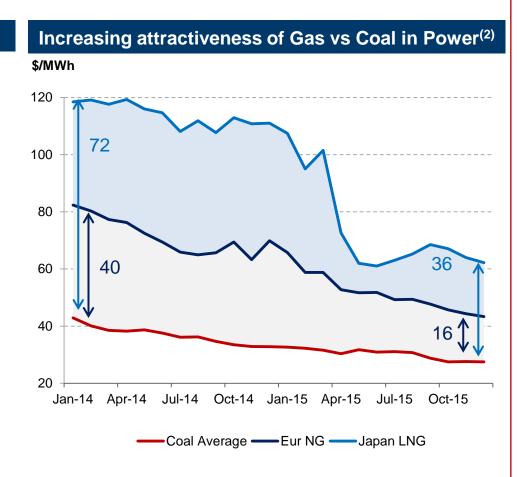
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Market drivers 5/9: lower LNG prices create new opportunities

Drivers and assumptions

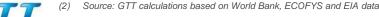
- LNG from the US and Australia to be absorbed by Asia and Europe
- ► How ?
 - Switch from coal to gas in the power mix⁽¹⁾
 - + 40 Mtpa in Europe by 2020
 - + 21-49 Mtpa in China by 2020
 - + 12-23 Mtpa in India by 2020
 - 70-110 Mtpa of LNG by 2020
- Why?
 - Reduced price gap
 - Will to decarbonize the energy mix
 - Gov. target in China: 10% of natural gas in energy consumption by 2020 vs 5% today



Decline in LNG prices could accelerate the switch from coal to gas

(1) Source: Exane BNP Paribas, Dec. 2015

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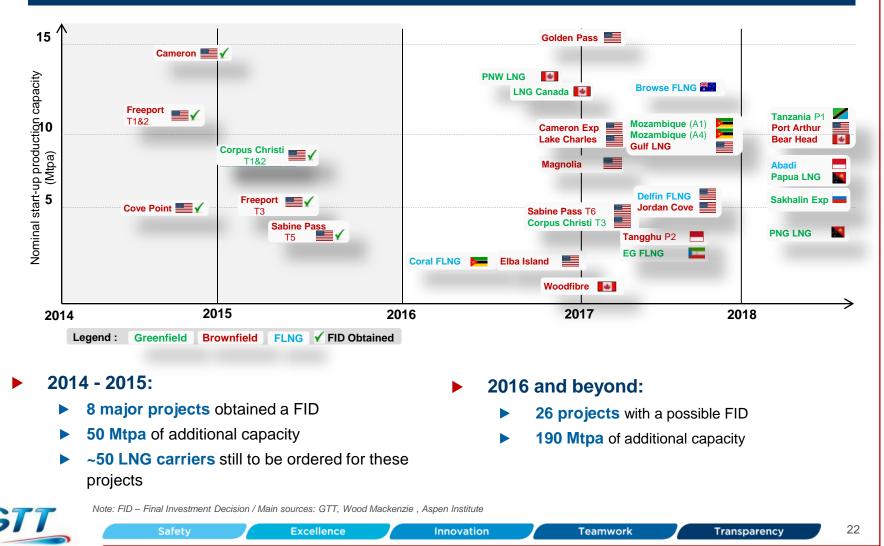
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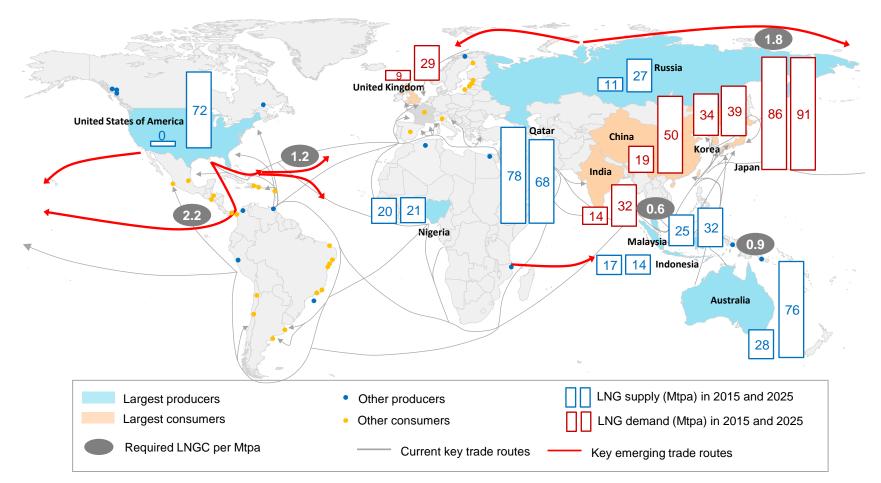
Teamwork

Market drivers 6/9: major liquefaction projects to come, mainly in the US

Some major liquefaction projects with a FID expected in the next few years



Market drivers 7/9: key emerging LNGC trade routes



Increasing distance between export and import areas is supporting demand for LNG carriers

Sources: Wood Mackenzie for LNG supply and demand data and forecasts, / Poten & Partners projection, October 2015 / GTT

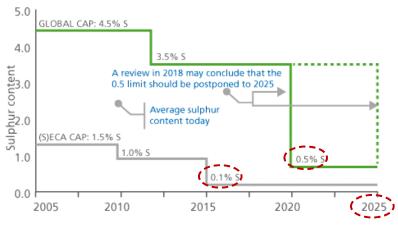


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Market drivers 8/9: LNG as a fuel, a new growing market mainly driven by regulatory and environmental concerns

Stricter emissions standards



Norway North Sea North America Nexico Active areas Potential areas

Extension of ECAs

Source : DNV

Source : Clarkson Research Services Ltd

- Stricter emissions standards for SOx and NOx imposed by IMO⁽¹⁾ in ECAs⁽²⁾ since January 1, 2015
- Ships concerned
 - Containers, ferries, cruise ships...
 - Small scale LNGcs and barges

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- Ship-owners compliance
 - Convert to LNG >>>> durable / cleaner
 - Change to cleaner fuels or install "scrubbers" >>> temporary / pollution

(1) International Maritime Organisation

(2) Emission Control Areas

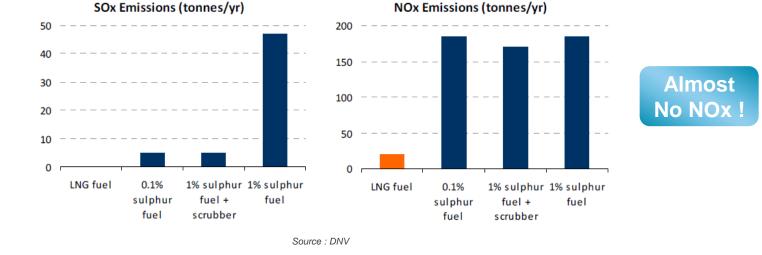




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Market drivers 9/9: environmental performance of LNG vs other fuels



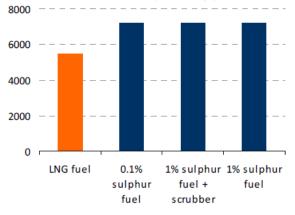
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Emissions for a Typical Baltic Sea Cargo Ship



No

SOx!

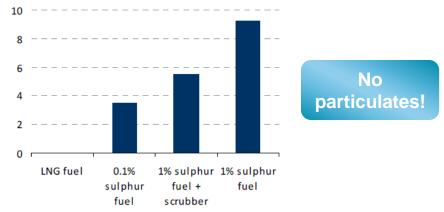


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CO₂ Emissions (tonnes/yr)

Particulate Emissions (tonnes/yr)



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25

Transparency



Business update



Business update 1/13: strategic roadmap

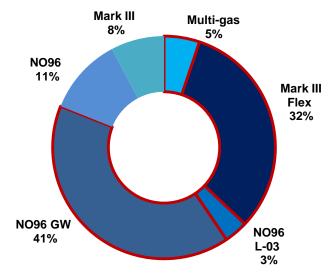
New potential businesses Enlargement Services REACH₄ Small / Very small LNG as a fuel onshore tanks New Growth, Technology, Transformation HEARS applications SloShield Advisory Enhancement and optimisation Training services center New customers / geographies LNG Advisor Onshore Offshore Specific conditions Small scale Ethane/Multi FLNG (e.g. Arctic) LNG carriers storage gas carriers **FSRU** TAMI Intensification Intervention MOON Existing services customers / Improvement of NO and geographies Mark technologies (BOR) TIBIA **LNG Carriers** Modified / Enhanced Existing New Safety Excellence Innovation Teamwork Transparency

27

Business update 2/13: innovation is key

Diversified technologies

Recently developed technologies represent more than 80% of the order book



- R&D and innovation 2015 key figures:
 - 116 employees
 - €21 M of operating expenses

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900+ patents



New technologies going forward

Mark V (BOR ⁽¹⁾ of 0.07%)

- Two cooperation agreements with Samsung and Hyundai
- General Approval from 3 classification societies



- NO96 Max (BOR ⁽¹⁾ of 0.09%)
 - Cooperation agreement with Daewoo
 - AIP from main classification societies

Development of Mark FIT for LNG as fuel

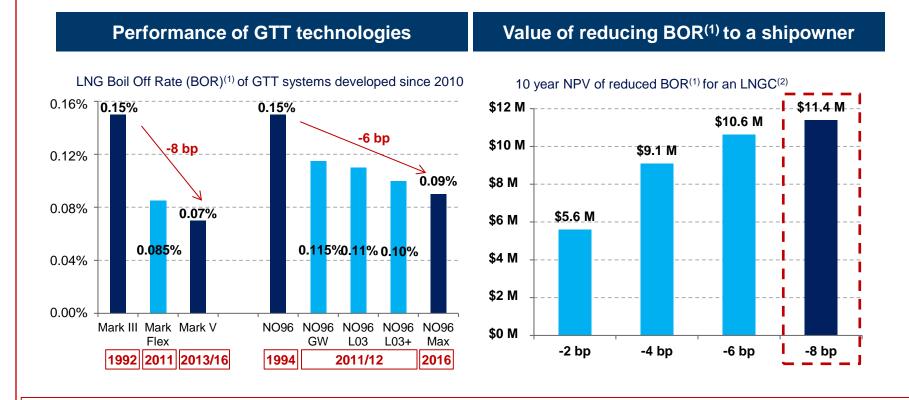
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Boil off rate per day

(1)

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Business update 3/13: focus on GTT's competitive advantages



Reduction of BOR⁽¹⁾ represents significant savings for the shipowner, up to \$11.4M in a 10-year period

Source: Company

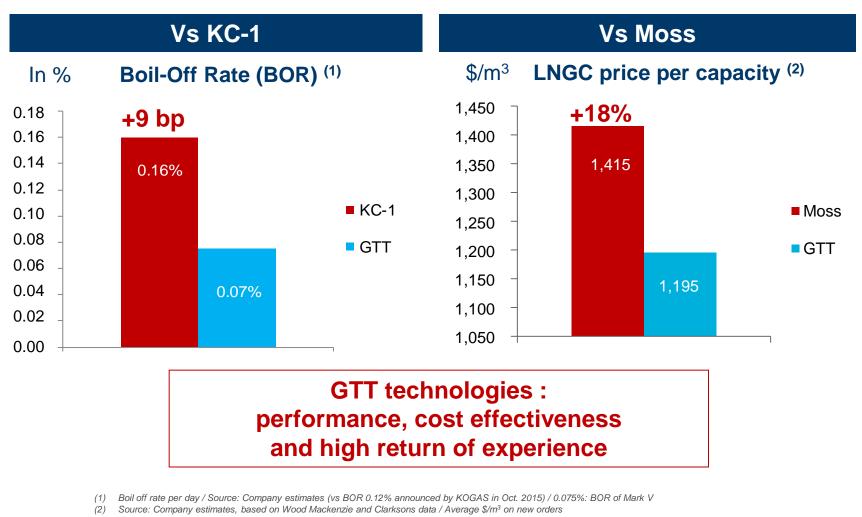
(1) Boil off rate per day

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2) Assuming 174,000 m³ vessel equipped with NO96 membrane; using 6% discount rate; \$7.15/Mbtu Asian gas price assumption. NPV calculated vs. a BOR of 0.15%



Business update 4/13: GTT's system competitiveness





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Business update 5/13: LNG Carriers

LNGC: our core business

- Existing fleet: 391 units⁽¹⁾
- 74% of LNG carriers' fleet equipped with GTT technology
- In order: 99
- 25 construction shipyards under license (Indian Cochin Shipyard licensed in Dec. 2015)



What is an LNGC?

- A vessel for transporting methane
- Equipped with cryogenic technology

Main drivers:

- LNG increasing demand
- New suppliers / buyers
- Longer and numerous routes

GTT orders estimates over 2016-2025: 270-280 LNGC



(1) As at December 31, 2015. Excludes vessel orders below 30,000 m³

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Business update 6/13: Multigas carriers

VLEC / multigas: an interesting business opportunity

- GTT order intakes: 6 (since 2014)
- Underline GTT's competitiveness of its containment systems for transporting different types of cryogenic liquid gas



What is a VLEC?

 A vessel capable of transporting ethane and other liquified gas (ethylene, propane, butane and propylene)

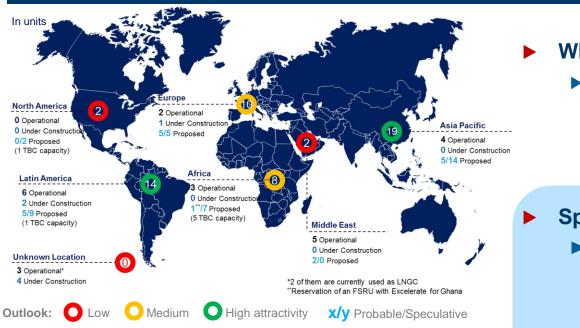
Specific drivers:

- Ethane supply, mainly in the US
- Long term ethylene demand
- Relative price to naphta
- Flexibility for shipowners



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Business update 7/13: FSRU



FSRU: the solution for emerging countries

What is an FSRU?

 Stationary vessel capable of loading LNG from LNG carriers, storing and re-gasifying it

Specific driver:

- Competitive advantage vs.
 land-based terminals
 - Better acceptability
 - Reduced construction time
 - Flexibility
- New buyers (5.8 Mt of LNG in 2015)

Technologies: 100% GTT for new builds⁽¹⁾

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Existing fleet: 23 FSRU⁽¹⁾

and 3 in 2015

GTT orders estimates over 2016-2025: 25-35 FSRU



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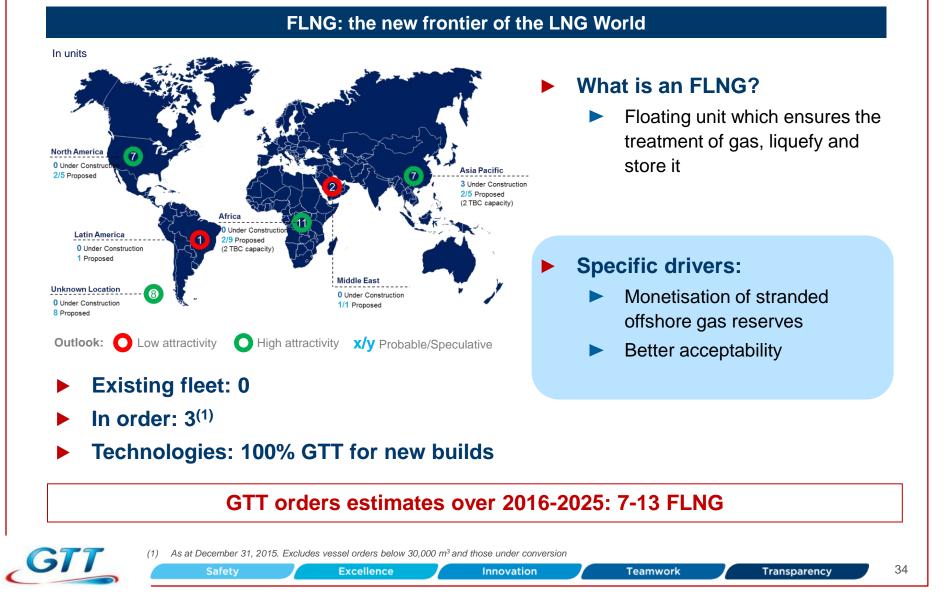
As at December 31, 2015. Excludes vessel orders below 30,000 m³

In order: 7, of which 3 orders received in 2014

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Business update 8/13: FLNG

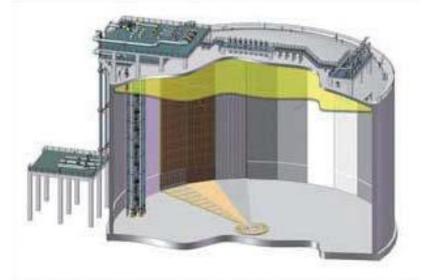


Business update 9/13: Onshore tanks

Membrane tanks, a proven containment storage solution

What is an Onshore Storage?

- A tank installed next to LNG loading and unloading terminals in order to transport, re-gasify and distribute LNG
- Specific drivers:
 - Development of re-gasification and liquefaction projects
 - Increasing average size of LNGC
 - Growing need for peak-shaving facilities (China and Canada)
 - Development of LNG as a fuel
- GTT key advantages:
 - Cost effective: cost-savings of 10% to 35%
 - Ease of construction
 - Efficient operation and maintenance



- Existing GTT tanks:
 34 in operation⁽¹⁾
- In order: 2 large and 2 very small ones
- GTT Licensees: 19

GTT orders estimates over 2016-2025 : 10-15 large tanks



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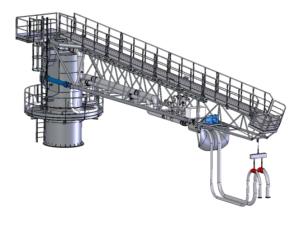
Business update 10/13: LNG bunker barge dedicated to the North American market

A strong partnership:



Fully designed by GTT, this barge will be built with the innovative Mark III Flex technology and will be equipped with the bunker mast REACH₄





Delivery expected Q4 2016



Business update: 11/13: GTT technologies well-suited to LNG as fuel, small scale and barge applications

LNG as Fuel

- GTT offers membrane solutions that can easily be integrated in new builds or retrofitted
- GTT solutions key advantages for LNG as fuel
- Optimise vessel volume vs. other technologies
- Better load vs. other technologies

Small scale and barge applications

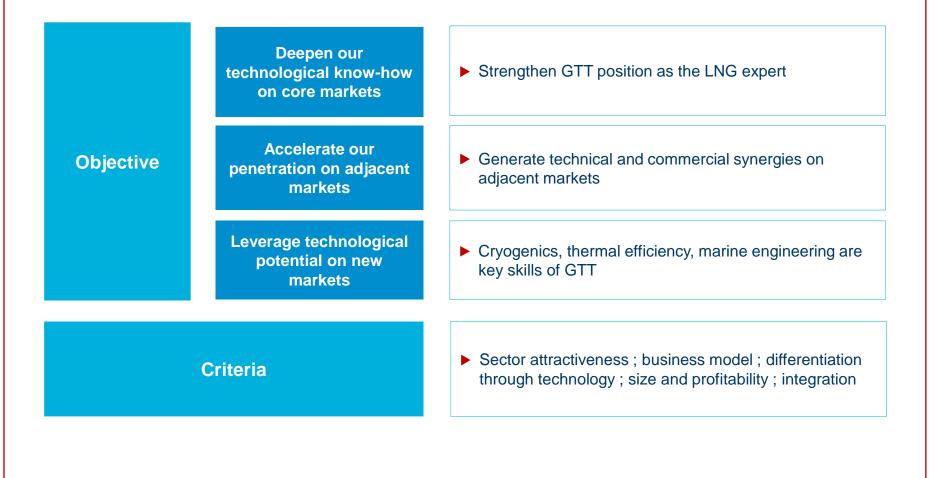
- GTT offers full designed vessels and equipment (ReaCH₄ bunker mast)
- GTT small scale and barge solutions key advantages
- Adapted for both maritime and fluvial utilisation
- Optimise cargo space in the vessel



Business Update 12/13: range of services to support ship-owners and oil & gas companies

Advisory and optimisation services Intervention services HEARS **HEARS** TIBIA Hotline CRYDMETRICS Inspection tool Emergency for FLNG Assistance & TRAINING LNG Advisor inspection Response cruovision Service Training tool Boil-off Gas monitoring for LNGC MOON system crew members **GTT ON SITE MOtorized** BalloON Technical for primary assistance membrane maintenance GTTTraining inspection & repair **SLOSHIELD** G-SIM Sloshing prediction & LNG cargo monitoring management system simulator TAMI cruovision STUDIES SUPPLIERS' Thermal camera **APPROVAL PRE-PROJECT** for secondary membrane Materials quality Vessel modification inspection feasibility studies front end engineering Software Test New services to come in 2016 38 Safety Excellence Innovation Teamwork Transparency

Business update 13/13: external growth opportunities





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Financials



2015 financial performance

Summary financials

As at 31/12, in € M	2014	2015
Total Revenues	226.8	226.5
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	142.3	142.2
Margin (%)	62.7%	62.8%
Operating Income	138.9	139.3
Margin (%)	61.2%	61.5%
Net Income	115.4	117.3
Margin (%)	50.9%	51.8%
Change in Working Capital	7	(1)
Сарех	7	7
Free Cash Flow ⁽²⁾	128	136
Dividend paid	131	91

in € M	31/12/2014	31/12/2015
Cash Position	65	73
Working Capital Requirement ⁽³⁾	(14)	(15)

Key highlights

- A slight decrease in revenues
 - Revenues derived from royalties : 92% of total revenues
 - Increase of 65% for revenues from services (17 M€)

Strong margins

- **EBITDA**, EBIT and Net margins at a high level
- Cost base :
 - Mainly staff costs and subcontracted tests and studies
 - Low corporate tax level
 - Limited depreciation & amortization charges
- Structurally negative working capital requirements

- Unlevered capital structure
 - ► High cash position of €73M
 - Financial investments of €25M
- High dividend payout of 83%

- (1) Defined as EBIT + the depreciation charge on assets under IFRS
- (2) Defined as EBITDA capex change in working capital

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- (3) Defined as trade and other receivables + other current assets trade and other payables other current liabilities
- In 2014, the working capital requirement calculation excludes a €5 M short-term financial asset (included in the other current assets in the IFRS accounts) In 2015, the working capital requirement calculation excludes a €7.5 M short-term financial asset



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2015 revenues at €226.5 million

Summary financials						
As at 31/12, in € M	2014	2015	Change (%)			
Revenues	226.8	226.5	-0.1%			
Royalties	216.4	209.3	-3.3%			
% of revenues	95.4%	92.4%				
LNGC/VLEC	183.0	180.3	-1.5%			
% of revenues	80.7%	79.6%				
FSRU	24.6	19.2	-21.9%			
% of revenues	10.9%	8.5%				
FLNG	7.9	8.2	+4.7%			
% of revenues	3.5%	3.6%				
Onshore storage	0.9	1.1	+26.6%			
% of revenues	0.4%	0.5%				
Barge		0.4				
% of revenues		0.2%				
Services	10.4	17.1	+64.8%			
% of revenues	4.6%	7.6%				

Key highlights

Total revenues: €226.5 million

Revenues from royalties: €209 million

- Driven mainly by LNG carriers (80% of total revenues)
- Despite a slightly drop due to milestones in construction, off-shore represents a significant amount (€ 27.5 M)
- First revenues from bunker barge

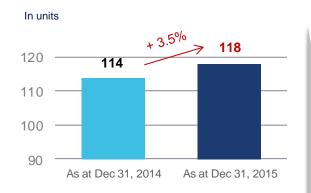
Revenues related to services: strong increase (+65% at €17 million)

 Mainly driven by studies and maintenance contracts for ships in service



Stronger order book and visibility on future revenues

Order book in units



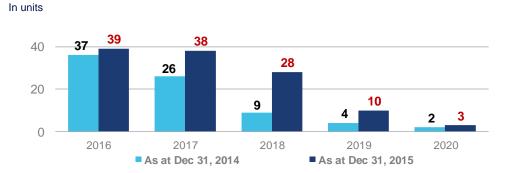
Order book in value

In €M

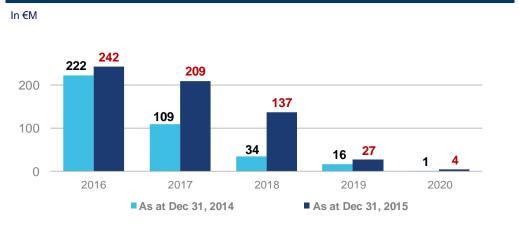


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Order book by year of delivery (units per year)



Revenues from current order book



High visibility with c.€619 M of revenues between 2016 and 2020

Excellence

GTT

A cost base offering a high operating leverage

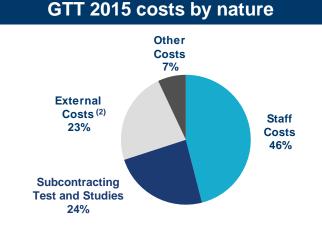
GTT operational costs⁽¹⁾

As at 31/12, in € M	2014	2015	Change (%)
Salaries and Social Charges	(37.4)	(34.1)	-9%
Share-based payments	(3.0)	(2.3)	-25%
Profit Sharing	(6.8)	(6.2)	-8%
Total Staff Costs	(47.2)	(42.5)	-10%
% costs	(51%)	(46%)	
Subcontracted Test and Studies	(17.7)	(21.6)	+22%
Rental and Insurance	(4.9)	(5.2)	+7%
Travel Expenditures	(7.8)	(8.4)	+8%
Other External Costs	(7.5)	(7.6)	+2%
Total External Costs	(37.8)	(42.8)	+13%
% costs	(41%)	(47%)	
Other Costs	(7.7)	(6.4)	-17%
Total Costs	(92.8)	(91.7)	-1%
% sales	(41%)	(41%)	

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Key highlights

- Lean cost base offering high operating leverage
 - Total costs ⁽¹⁾ stable at around 40% of sales
- Staff costs represent c. 46% of GTT's cost base in 2015
- Subcontracted tests and studies increased to face high level of activity in R&D and engineering studies



Teamwork



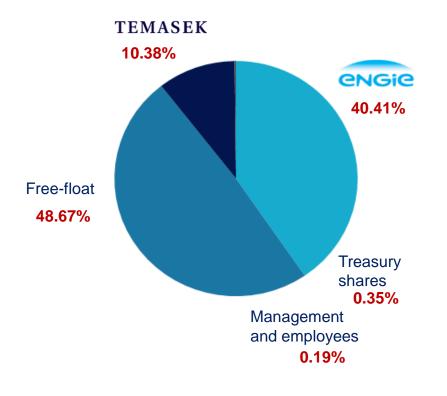
Excl. depreciation and amortization, provisions and other operating income/expenses (mainly investment/ R&D subsidies)
 Excl. Subcontracting Test and Studies

Transparency

44

Capital structure

As at December 31, 2015



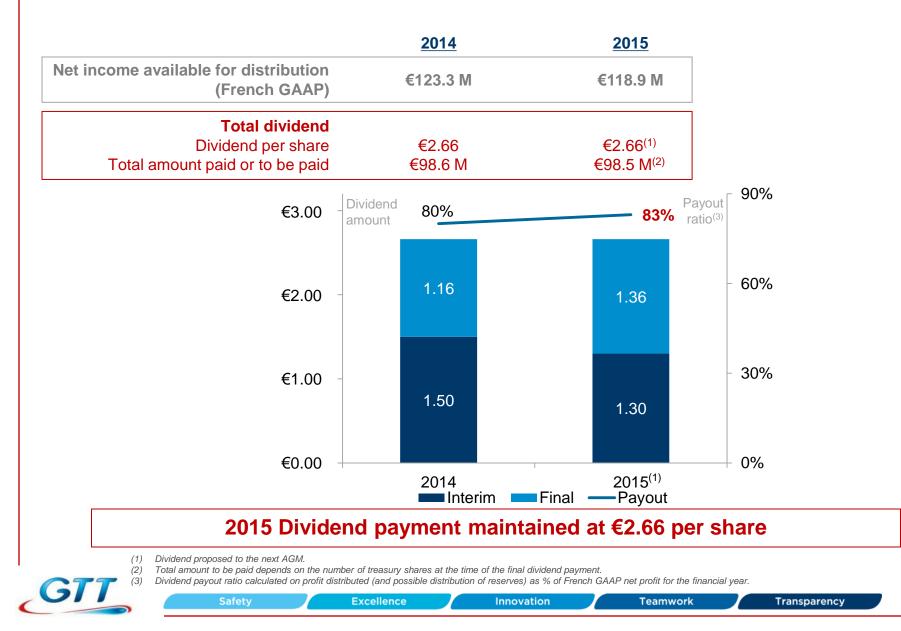
Stabilised capital structure





Excellence

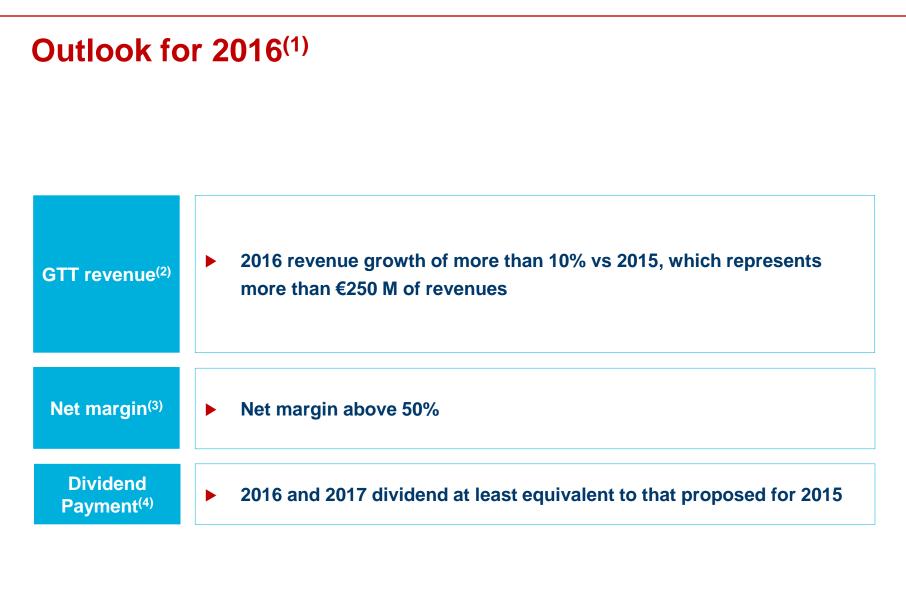
Proposed dividend





Outlook and conclusion





- (1) Subject to any significant delays or cancellations in orders
- (2) Variations in order intake between periods could lead to fluctuations in revenues
- (3) Excluding potential acquisition effect

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(4) GTT by-laws provide that dividends may be paid in cash or in shares based on each shareholder's preference and subject to AGM approval



Why invest in GTT ?

Business

- Pure player
- Strong markets drivers
- Strong competitive advantages
- High visibility on revenues
- Innovation capacity and know-how
- Growth potential in adjacent businesses

Finance

- Cost base flexibility
- No currency risk
- Strong balance sheet

Commitments

- Meeting IPO guidance
- High dividend yield

Safety

Sustainable development

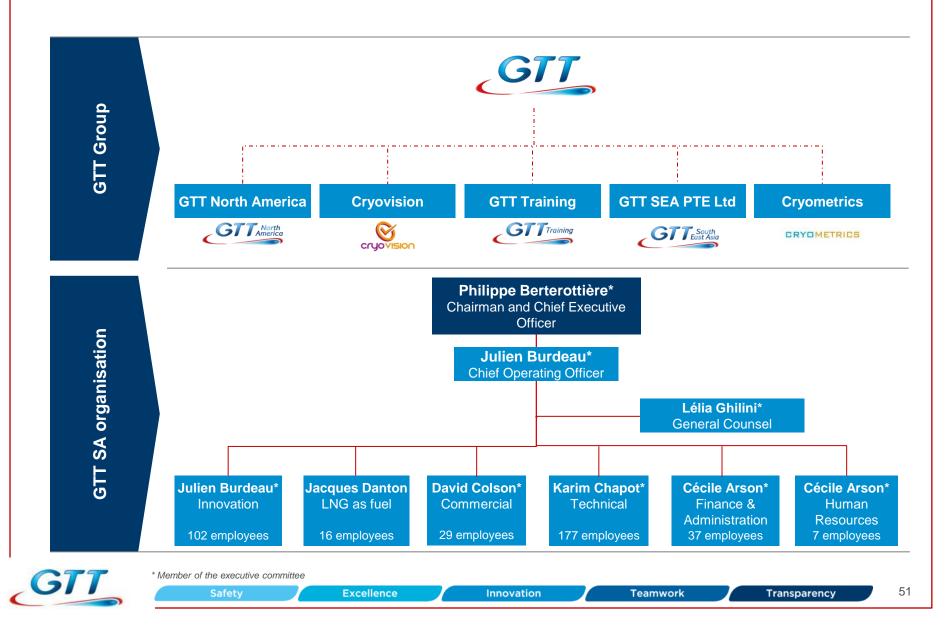




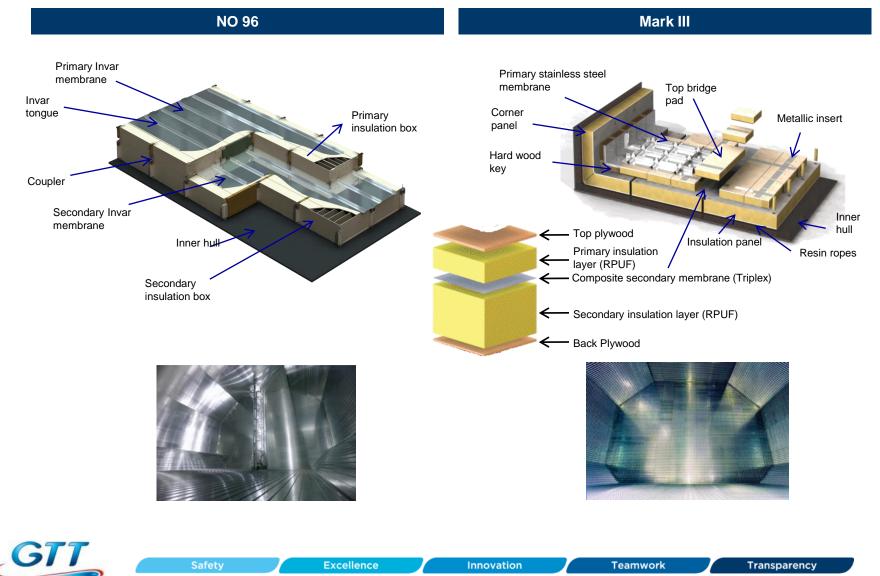
Appendices



Appendix 1: A streamlined group and organisation

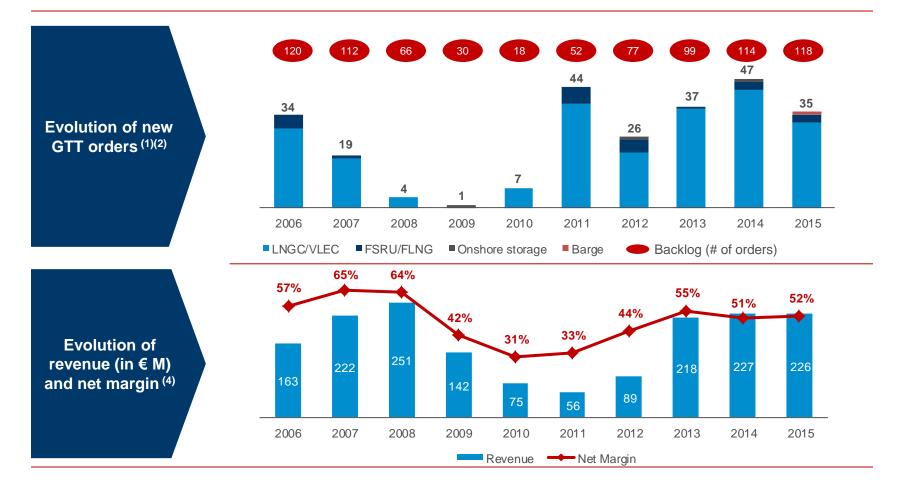


Appendix 2: GTT membrane technologies



52

Appendix 3: track record of high margin and strong increase in backlog since 2010



Source: Company

- (1) Orders received by period
- (2) Excl. vessel conversions
- (3) Represents order position as at December based on company data, including LNGC, VLEC, FLNG, FSRU and on-shore storage units
- (4) Figures presented in IFRS from 2010 to 2015, French GAAP from 2006 to 2009



Safety	Excellence	Innovation	Teamwork	Transparency

Appendix 4: development of US LNG projects provides for significant potential export capacity

Significant potential of US LNG development projects	
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	Department of Energy			Federal Energy				
	To/From FTA To/From non-I		n non-FTA	Regulatory Commission / on-FTA MARAD		Nominal capacity	0	
Projects	Filed	Approved	Filed	Approved	Filed	Approved	(Mtpa) / Year *1	Status * ¹
Sabine Pass LNG, LA (Cheniere) - T6	✓	✓	\checkmark	~	~	✓	4.5/2019	Probable
Southern LNG (Elba island - Shell)	✓	✓	✓	~	 ✓ 		2.5 / 2018	Probable
Jordan Cove - Coos Bay, OR (J. Cove Energy Project)	~	×	✓	~	~		6 / 2020	Possible
Lake Charles, LA (Southern Union - Trunkline LNG)	~	~	✓	~	1	~	10 / 2020	Possible
Oregon LNG (Astoria, OR)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		9 / 2021	Possible
Alaska LNG (Nikiski - ExxonMobil)	✓	✓	✓	~	 ✓ 		18 / 2026	Possible
Magnolia LNG (Lake Charles, LA)	✓	✓	✓		 ✓ 		8 / 2019	Possible
Golden Pass, TX (ExxonMobil)	✓	✓	✓		 ✓ 		16 / 2020	Possible
Corpus Christi LNG, TX (Cheniere) – T3	✓	✓	✓	~	~	✓	4.5/2019	Speculative
Cameron LNG - Hackberry, LA (Sempra) - Expansion	~	~	✓	~	~		10/2020	Speculative
Delphin FLNG	~	✓	✓		×		5/2020	Speculative
Port Arthur	~	✓	✓		~		10 / 2021	Speculative

Source : GTT synthesis from DOE and FERC. DOE information as at 25/09/2015, FERC as at 29/09/2015.

*1 : Source: Wood Mackenzie and FERC, October 2015

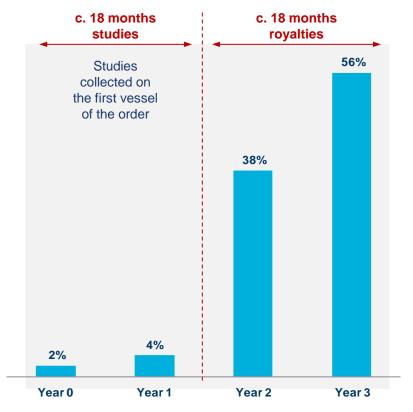
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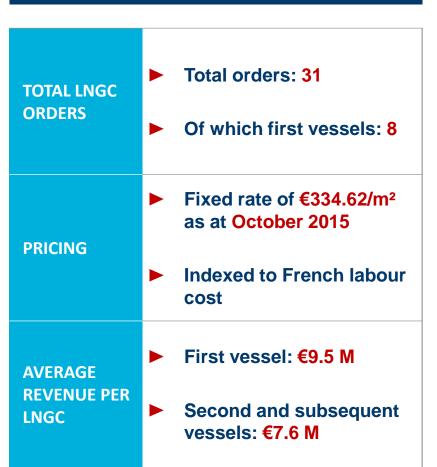
Appendix 5: illustrative LNGC revenue recognition summary

Illustrative revenue /cash recognition

% of total revenues – order of 4 LNGCs placed on June 30 of year 0



2015 key statistics

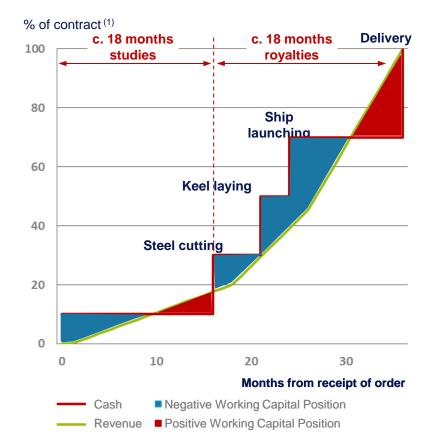




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Appendix 6: an attractive business model supporting high cash generation

Invoicing and revenue recognition



Business model supports high cash generation

- Revenue is recognized pro-rata temporis between milestones
- Timing of invoicing and cash collection according to 5 milestones leading to structurally negative working capital for GTT
 - Initial payment collected from shipyards at the effective date of order of a particular vessel (10%)
 - Steel cutting (20%)
 - Keel laying (20%)
 - Ship launching (20%)
 - Delivery (30%)



Source: Company

(1) Illustrative cycle for the first LNGC ordered by a particular customer, including engineering studies completed by GTT

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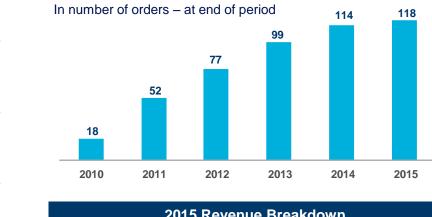
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Innovation

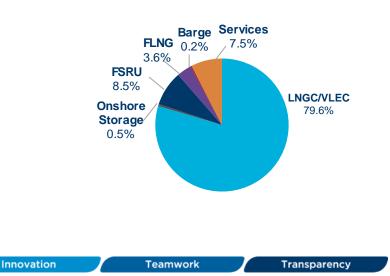
Appendix 8: sustained level of revenue since 2013 reflecting increase in order intake

Historical revenue development

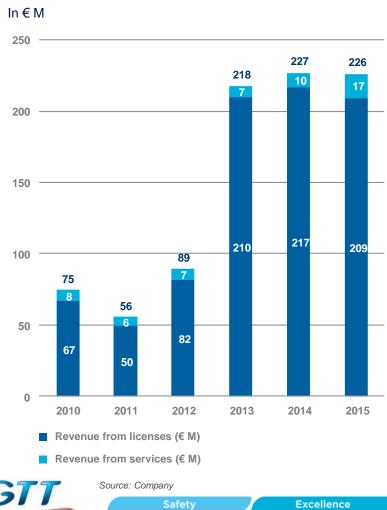
Order book evolution



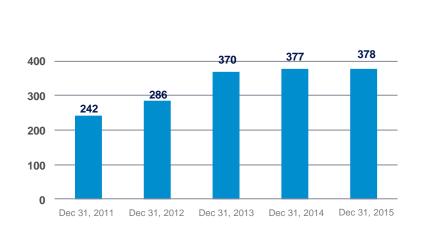
2015 Revenue Breakdown



57

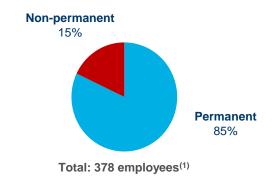


Appendix 9: managing employee base to meet growing demand



Evolution of GTT staff

GTT staff by type of contract



Staff levels

- Current staff level adequate to support growth and new developments in the forthcoming years
- 85% of staff are on permanent contracts; 15% non-permanent
- In 2015: 116 employees dedicated to innovation



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Appendix 10: focus on GTT's competitive advantages

GTT's technology positioning ⁽¹⁾

	GTT	Moss	SPB 🗕	KC-1 💽
Technology	Membrane	 Spherical tank 	► Tank	 Membrane
Construction costs	 Requires less steel and aluminum than tanks for a given LNG capacity 	 Higher costs 	 Higher costs 	 Slightly higher costs than GTT
Operating costs	 More efficient use of space Limited BOR (0.07%) 	 Higher fuel / fee costs 	 Higher fuel / fee costs 	 Higher opex due to BOR (0.16%)
LNGCs in construction	▶ 99	▶ 24	▶ 4	▶ 2
LNGCs in operation	▶ 291	▶ 98	 2 small 	► None
Other	 Value added services 	 Higher centre of gravity; harder to navigate 	 Japanese technology developed 25 years ago. No significant experience 	 Korean technology with no experience at sea

GTT technologies : cost effective, volume optimisation and high return of experience



Source: Company data and comment (Dec.31, 2015)

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(1) Other technologies have been developed, however are not known to have obtained final certification or orders to date. Excludes vessel orders below 30,000 m³

Excellence

Thank you for your attention

information-financiere@gtt.fr

